Northampton Primary Academy Trust Reception - Understanding the World

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension. EYFS Programme of Study – Statutory Framework for EYFS 2021

Area of Learning	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Link to Year 1 National Curriculum	
Past and Present	_				
Disciplinary Knowledge	Chronological Understanding			Pupils should be taught about:	
and concepts to be taught/introduced	Compare and contrast characters from stories including	a figures from the past		* Changes within living memory *events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or	
taught/introduceu	Know some similarities and differences between things	ces and what they have learnt in class	globally * the lives of significant individuals in the		
	Use everyday language related to time	ees and what they have learne in class	past who have contributed to national and		
	Order and sequence familiar events			international achievements.	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	n the lives of family members and in the lives of others in d	ifferent communities and traditions	* Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality	
	Historical Enquiry				
	Answer how and why questions in response to events a	and stories			
	Explain own knowledge and understanding and asks ap				
	Know that information can be found in books, from peo				
	Record understanding in a way they can interpret and e	explain			
	Identify similarities, differences, patterns and change				
	Develop understanding of growth and changes over time	ne			
	Organisation and Communication				
	Communicate knowledge through; discussion, drawing				
	Begin to develop knowledge of history concepts: chang				
Possible Lines of Enquiry	My family				
	Talk about members of their family and significant other	ers.			
These are suggestions	Family traditions that are passed on.				
only and must be	Timeline (for their life and their parent's life)				
personalised by each	How they have changed since being a baby				
setting	Stages in growth from baby to elderly (discussing their own past and how they have changed over time)				
	When I grow up, I want to be				
	People who look after us and keep us safe				
	How to keep safe				
	Who can keep us safe?				
	Becoming a responsible member of the community				
	Looking after the school classroom/school environment				
	Recycling, litter				
	Objects from the past				
	Changes over time – toys from the past. Technology from the past. How toys/technology/housing has changed over time.				
	My time in Reception – write a letter to new cohort				
		een September and now - what they have learnt, how they	have grown etc.		



Key Vocabulary	Past, present, change, recycling, similar, different, famil	ly, unique, then, now		
These are key words and phrases that children need to know and understand				
Ongoing throughout the Year These are suggestions only and must be personalised by each setting	Role play reflecting diversity Bilingual books, books about different occupations, Books set in different times Small world Artefacts from different generations			
Assessment Checkpoint i.e., what a child on track can do by the end of this term	Talk about their family and people that are close to them Begin to talk about some similarities between their own life and things in the past	Know some differences between their own 'world' and things in the past. Know that some things happened in the past and begin to sequence Begin to talk about people in society who are not family members	Understand their 'immediate' past and longer ago. Order and sequence familiar events Know about similarities and differences between past and present Begin to ask and answer questions about the past Early Learning Goal Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling	



Area of Learning	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Link to Year 1 National Curriculum
People, Culture and Communities				
Disciplinary Knowledge and concepts to be	People in our community celebrate special days			In RE children should be taught to:
taught/introduced	Names of main world religions (and in those in cla	ss)		* Begin to name the different beliefs and practices of Christianity and at least one other religion * Begin to talk
	Know that there are different places of worship.			about and find meanings behind different beliefs and practices * To respond and order some of the religious
	Celebrate diversity and understand that we are all	and moral stories from the bible and at least one other religious text, special book or religion other than		
	That they live in Northampton which is in England Family – Talk about why members of their family a			Christianity * Begin to suggest meanings of some religious and moral stories *Show how different people celebrate aspects of religion * Either ask or respond to questions
			p nhotos drawings and stories	about what individuals and faith communities do * Pupils are familiar with key words and vocabulary related to
				Christianity and may be at least one other religion * Express their own ideas creatively
	Stories from different religions.			In Geography children should be taught to:
	How people celebrate different events in different countries – birthday, birth, death, weddings Compare and contrast their celebrations to other people's (in class or wider)			*Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the
	Begin to develop knowledge of RE concepts (refer			geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.
	Begin to develop knowledge of KE concepts (refer to NEAT KE concept progression)			*Develop knowledge about the world, the United Kingdom and their locality.
				*Understand basic subject-specific vocabulary relating to human and physical geography *Begin to use geographical skills, including first-hand
				observation, to enhance their locational awareness.
Possible Lines of				
Enquiry	Christmas Diwali - celebrate for the week – cleaning the class	sroom nutting un lights having a feast		
These are suggestions	CBeebies - My first Diwali			
only and must be	Books – Diwali, Rama and Sita			
personalised by each setting	Invite members of Hindu community in to share k			
Diwali used as an	Books related to diversity and inclusion			
example – but could be	Our class is a family			
Chinese New Year, Eid,	All are welcome Mixed - tie in with PSED			
Hanukah etc depending on the cohort. Christmas and Easter to	The Perfect Fit – tie in with PSED			
be maintained	Investigate heritage of the children – plot where t Where we are from – Northampton is our home, b			
	Use Google Earth to look at where we are now, an			
	Christmas – lots of us celebrate Christmas but not Learn the story of the nativity and why we celebra	of all of us – is that ok? Yes! te Christmas. Explore early symbolism within the prov	rision e.g., a stable role play area, with gifts etc.	
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	CBeebies Nativity story animation is a useful resource - https://www.bbc.co.uk/cbeebies/watch/presenters-nativity-story Book – Refuge – by Anne Booth Written from donkey's point of view, touches on refugees. A Christmas Story – by Brian Wildsmith Add items into provision from other cultures, Balti pot/woks in home corner. Have parents from different communities come in to talk to children Religious stories (reflecting class religions) Mothering Sunday Easter Other religious celebrations			
	Map of the school, journey to school, Northampto Different types of transport and travel Link to finishing Reception year e.g., end of term of A pretend wedding/Christening Link with timeline above			
Key Vocabulary These are key words and phrases that children need to know and understand	religion, faith, belonging, multi-cultural, friendship, kindness, values, traditions, celebration, yearly,			
Ongoing throughout the Year These are suggestions only and must be personalised by each setting	Visitors from different cultures, religions Stories from other countries e.g., traditional tales from Africa or India, Small world and role play Diverse range of stories			
Assessment Checkpoint i.e., what a child on track can do by the end of this term	To know that different groups of people have different gods, places of worship and celebrations. That these religions have similarities and differences, but one is not better than the other	To understand and be able to talk about some similarities and differences between the lives of children within the UK and outside the UK.	To understand and talk about some religious and cultural differences between people in their class, England and in the world. Early Learning Goal Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.	



taught during any term (school to decide which order to teach in. Life cycles, plants and animals are suggested to teach in the Spring term.) simple questions.	Link to Year 1 National Curriculum
ing closely using the senses. ion-standardised objects to take measurements e.g., simple comparisons. ming simple tests. imple scientific language to talk about their ideas. ig similarities and differences between objects, materials and living things. alk and simple drawings to record observations. about their findings using simple science words. develop knowledge of Science and Geography concepts	*Observe changes across the 4 seasons *Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies *Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made *identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock *describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials *compare and group together a variety of everyday materials based on their simple physical properties *Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles *Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features, including beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather *Key human features, including city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop
hings tes of animals and plants g observations of tadpoles or caterpillars all and diurnal animals g plants e.g., beans or sunflowers stitions of plants and animals (naming and describing) tion of familiar plants visit stitional drawings walk als experiments at and comparing different materials st in state/matter e.g., melting ice or chocolate serences in rural and town environments live in different habitats al Changes appens in Springtime? r diary after their environment	
hing less of the state of the s	and simple drawings to record observations. bout their findings using simple science words. evelop knowledge of Science and Geography concepts of animals and plants bservations of tadpoles or caterpillars and diurnal animals and stants e.g., beans or sunflowers ans of plants and animals (naming and describing) and familiar plants t. and drawings ik. periments and comparing different materials state/matter e.g., melting ice or chocolate state/matter e.g., melting ice or chocolate changes bens in Springtime? lary



Key Vocabulary These are key words and phrases that children need to know and understand	Seasons, Spring, Summer, Autumn, Winter, days o	f the week, months of the year, lifecycle, metamorp	ohosis, maps, change, town, city, village, countryside, farm, solid,	liquid, gas, melt, the names of plants and animals
Ongoing throughout the Year	Children to have access to the outdoor area and encouraged to foster curiosity with the plants, trees, bugs. Focus on the seasons and changes in seasons			
These are suggestions only and must be personalised by each setting	Provision to include magnifying glasses, opportunity to water plants, name and describe plants etc Weekly class picture in front of a tree to show the timeline and changing season Science week to have a focus on scientific investigations and observations Pencil dictionary and observational drawings taught through the year Play maps and small world to explore/create different environment Stories set in different environments e.g., North pole, a beach, cities, farms,			
Assessment Checkpoint i.e., what a child on track can do by the end of this term	Can demonstrate appreciation that the world is not limited to Northampton	Can talk about the different habitats and environments and life cycles	Understands changing states of matter Can name and talk about the seasons Able to use observational skills and attempt an observational drawing or painting. Early Learning Goal Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter	

