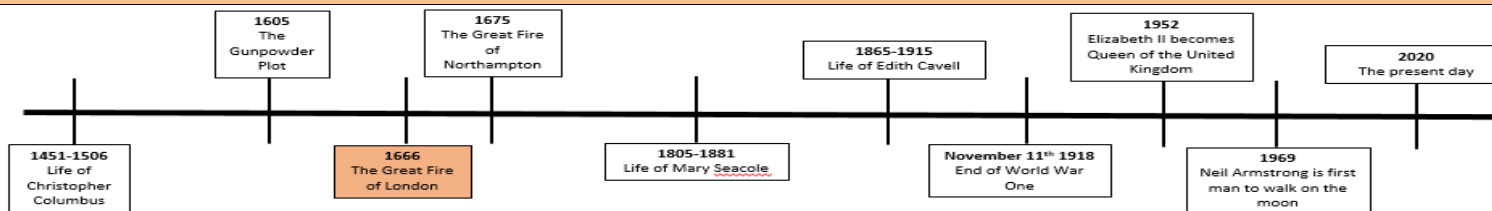


The Great Fire of London – Knowledge Organiser Year 2 Summer 1

Timeline



Vocabulary

Timeline of the Great Fire of London 1666

Thatch

Straw, palm leaves, or other dried plant material used as a roof covering.

Plague (Black Death)

A disease that spread quickly and killed many people in olden times.

Cause

A reason for something happening.

Spread

To make something wider.

Bakery

A place where bread and cakes are made.

Spark

A very small bit of hot and glowing material thrown off by burning wood.

Quill

A pen made from the hollow stem of a feather.

Rebuilt

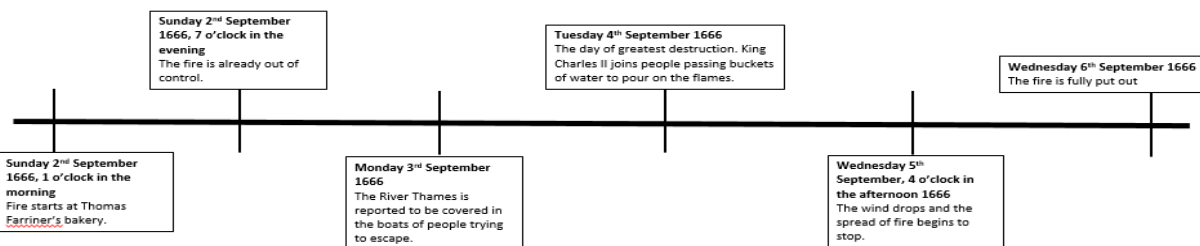
To make something again.

Constructed

To build something.

Layout

How a place is arranged or set out.



Important People

Important Places

Thomas Farriner

A baker in 17th century London. His bakery in Pudding Lane was the starting point for the Great Fire of London

Pudding Lane

A small street in London widely known as the location of Thomas Farriner's bakery, where the Great Fire of London started in 1666.

Samuel Pepys

Famous for the diary he kept of great events, such as the Great Plague and the Great Fire of London.

River Thames

A river that runs through Southern England, including London. Many people used it to escape the fire on boats.

Sir Christopher Wren

An English architect. He was responsible for rebuilding 52 churches after the Great Fire, including St Paul's Cathedral.

St Paul's Cathedral

Designed by Sir Christopher Wren. The Old St Paul's Cathedral was destroyed in the Great Fire of London in 1666.

Charles II

King of England, Scotland, and Ireland during the Great Fire of London in 1666.

The Monument

In the City of London. Built between 1671 and 1677 to commemorate the Great Fire of London and to celebrate the rebuilding of the City.

